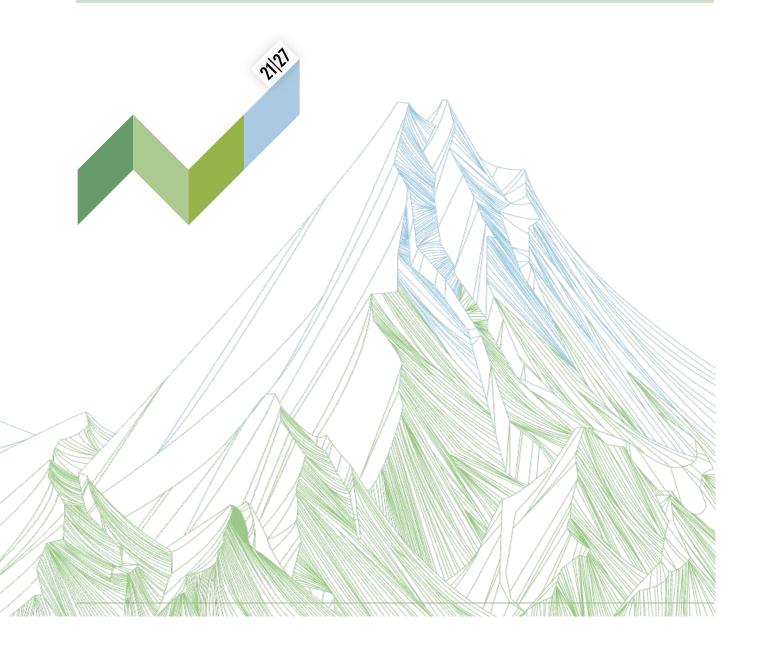


Terms of reference 2022 for small-scale project proposals

19 November 2021







Disclaimer

These terms of reference have been approved by the members appointed to the programme committee (PC) of the Interreg Alpine Space Programme 2021-2027. The document is based on the draft Interreg programme (IP), which has been set up in compliance with Article 17 of Regulation (EU) 2021/1059 on the specific provisions for Interreg, and according to the template annexed to the aforementioned regulation.

The programme has not yet been approved by the European Commission (EC). Thus, neither have the programme authorities been formally established or confirmed nor have the selection procedure and criteria been formally approved.

Please be aware that contents of the programme document may change substantially following negotiations of the partner states with the EC and that the formally established PC might take other decisions than the provisional one. This may also have effects on the content of the terms of reference and project selection process and criteria.

As long as the programme is not approved by the EC, all decisions taken by the members appointed to the PC of the 2021-2027 Alpine Space programme are under provisional effectiveness. Upon approval of the programme, the decisions will become effective (in case the then formally established PC does not decide otherwise).

Nevertheless, in order to approve and implement first projects as soon as possible, we are pleased to open the first call for project proposals.

For further information on the programming process, please visit the <u>programme website</u> or consult the network of <u>Alpine Space contact points (ACP)</u>, the Joint Secretariat (JS) or the Managing Authority (MA).





What is the mission of the Interreg Alpine Space Programme 2021-2027?

The Interreg Alpine Space programme 2021-2027, is an EU transnational cooperation programme funded by the European Regional Development Fund (ERDF) under the European Territorial Cooperation objective of the EU Cohesion Policy.

The programme is anchored on several EU policy initiatives, including the European Green Deal, the Territorial Agenda 2030 and the EU Strategy for the Alpine Region (EUSALP). The mission of the programme is to be at the forefront of the transition to a unique, carbon neutral and climate resilient Alpine region. The programme will foster the integration of sustainable economic development, societal well-being and the preservation of biodiversity. To do so, it will bring together stakeholders from different sectors and regions to work on innovative and pioneering ideas and create the benefit for those who live and work in the Alpine region.

The programme partner states will invest **EUR 107 million ERDF** to co-finance transnational cooperation projects promoted by public and private organisations from seven Alpine countries.

The programme cooperation area is aligned with the one of the macro-regional strategy for the Alpine Region (EUSALP). This is a deliberate effort to **strengthen the coherence and complementarity between both initiatives** and, at the same time, support the path towards a climate-neutral territory.

Which challenges require transnational cooperation?

Europe is facing several ongoing mega-trends to which the Alpine region is not immune. Globalisation, climate change and digitalisation are some of the most important ones. Their acceleration impacts economies and societies, which calls for adequate responses from stakeholders working across borders.

Climate change is paving in its own way the next phase of globalization. Even though the area is currently already experiencing the first direct impacts through extreme weather events, the impacts on ecosystems, territories and economies are often uncertain and some are not yet known. The implementation of mitigation and adaptation measures are amongst the priorities of governments and civil society organisations.

The impact brought by **digitalisation** on people's everyday life is also challenging and demanding. Digitalisation offers a considerable amount of options for cooperation, both in terms of opportunities and constraints that need to be assessed and weighted up to achieve carbon neutrality. To reach the latter, the potential of **circular economy** is key and needs to be further exploited and supported.

Coupled with this, is the impact brought by a number of transformative forces that shape the way people live and do business. The rapid **urbanisation** across the Alpine region has led to population decline in rural areas and impacts the availability of services of general interest. Equally important is the fact that





urbanisation has made it more difficult to public authorities to manage growth and land use interests in urban and peri-urban areas. As cities become more populous and urbanised, the demand for energy, food and water has risen steadily. The Alpine region has a finite amount of natural resources to satisfy the demand, which also calls for place-based approaches to enable and support the transition towards energy efficiency and the intelligent use of renewable energy.

The Alpine region has a long-standing tradition of cooperation through a variety of formats. All initiatives underline the need for greater coordination between different stakeholders and the alignment of resources and strategies to address challenges that know no borders. Still, there is scope for improvement in multi-level governance.

In order to take a step forward in **territorial integration**, the programme will act as a driver for stakeholders who are willing to put into practice fresh ideas on **climate resilience**, **carbon neutrality**, **innovation and governance**. The programme is therefore interested in supporting projects that grasp opportunities for economic growth or take stock and capitalise on achievements in place. The ultimate goal is to **make the Alpine region greener and smarter**, and help advance actions in the policy fields covered by EUSALP.

The summary of all thematic priorities and specific objectives (SO) covered in the programme are presented in the table below:



For a detailed description of contents of each priority and specific objectives, including information on the main challenges, type of actions and the expected contribution to EUSALP, please refer to the Interreg programme.





Which types of projects does the programme support?

For the 2021-2027 period, the programme partner states will follow distinctive approaches to cooperation depending on the thematic priorities (priorities 1, 2 and 3) and multi-level governance (priority 4). For the thematic priorities, the programme will offer the possibility to submit so-called classic projects, as in the previous periods and so-called small-scale projects, which is a novelty in this period. In relation to multi-level governance, the programme will provide funding for the EUSALP technical support structure and for small-scale projects.

All projects are expected to address the above-mentioned issues and contribute to innovative solutions. With their activities, projects concretely contribute to reach the objectives of the programme. The approaches can be new, even experimental, the programme is therefore particularly suited for testing new methods in a transnational network. The ready to use developed solutions and results are addressed to defined target groups.

Transnational cooperation projects bring together project partners from the seven countries participating in the programme, to work on a shared challenge and achieve innovative solutions that can be applied transnationally but also regionally or locally. The development of these joint solutions requires enthusiasm and commitment during project development and implementation. Transnational cooperation enables the establishment of strong and lasting ties with partners in other Alpine regions.

These terms of references are addressing the expectations for small-scale projects only. For information on the expectations for classic projects, please consult the specific terms of reference.

Why does the programme need small-scale projects?

This call for small-scale project proposals 2022 is an invitation to submit project proposals for cofinancing across all specific objectives under thematic priorities 1, 2 and 3. There are no restrictions related to the topic subject to cooperation provided it fits in with the challenges and needs of the Alpine regions, as described above.

Small-scale projects are a new form of cooperation, which draws on the expectations voiced by stakeholders in public consultations, but also experience gained in other funding programmes and initiatives. The purpose of this typology of projects is twofold: reach new target groups, allowing newcomers to experience a transnational cooperation project and to make greater use of synergies and complementarities with closed and ongoing classic projects. To better respond to the objectives of the new programme and to offer a new form of cooperation this new strand of shorter and smaller projects is offered.

As the name suggests, small-scale projects are shorter and involve less partners compared to classic projects. This typology allows the beneficiary to address innovative subjects from a thematic and/or territorial perspective and to deliver knowledge be it through analysis, experimentation or fieldwork. Applicants may submit proposals to "set the scene" on themes that are rather new to transnational





cooperation. Another option is to test instruments, tools or policies, through exploratory activities. These and other examples could open up new perspectives to cooperation and the development of project proposals, which could be submitted under the Alpine Space programme or other funding schemes.

Small-scale projects may also result in capitalisation actions to bring and "roll-out" available tools and solutions into boosting their implementation and use in the territories. Such measures aim at widely promoting the up-take of project achievements among target groups for greater impact and added-value both at local and regional level. These actions predominantly focus on mature fields of cooperation where a body of knowledge is already available and tested by stakeholders. Such follow and spin-off activities are also opportunities to explore complementarities with other projects and initiatives.

As the programme aims to encourage new experimentation, small-scale projects will be also a laboratory for new ideas, which draws on experience from a variety of disciplines. Regardless of the approach to cooperation, projects need to demonstrate tangible and realistic outputs.

For further details about small-scale projects, please refer to section A.3 of the programme manual.

The budget earmarked for small-scale projects for priorities 1 to 3 in the period 2021-2027 is of approximately EUR 20 million ERDF. For the year 2022, the programme will commit approximately EUR 5 million ERDF, which represents one fourth of the overall budget.

Which cornerstones require attention?

Applicants needs to keep in mind the following cornerstones:

- The total financial size of each project shall range between EUR 250.000 and 750.000;
- Eligible expenses from EU Members States are co-financed and reimbursed up to 75%;
- The duration of small-scale projects shall range between 12 and 18 months;
- Small-scale projects shall involve 3 to 6 partners from at least three different countries of the programme area.

Project applicants are strongly encouraged to consider the reference values as outlined above. Deviations may be accepted in well-justified cases only.

How to apply?

The application procedure is simple and quick to manage as it follows a one-step procedure.

Applicants need to submit the application form via the Joint Electronic Monitoring System (JEMS). Guidance on how to fill out the application form is available on the programme website. Furthermore, the following advises for project development and application should be considered:





- Read our programme carefully, as all project proposals are required to identify the priority and specific objective they will be contributing to;
- Get in touch with the Alpine Space Contact Point (ACP) in your country for more information, general consultation on the project idea, partner search and advice on the consistency between your project idea and the priorities of the programme;
- Discover the results already delivered by the Alpine Space programme in the <u>output library</u>. Another source of interest are the ARPAF projects whose results are accessible from the <u>EUSALP website</u> (see section of Action Groups);
- Read our programme manual as well as the FAQ section on the programme website.

How are projects selected?

All projects will be assessed by the Joint Secretariat with the support of the Alpine Space Contact Points against pre-defined selection criteria, as stated in the programme manual. The project assessment is done based on the information submitted at the time of application and the selection is made by the Programme Committee of the Alpine Space programme.

As part of the project development support, the Managing Authority/JS will provide online support to all potential applicants in developing high standard applications. Further training in relation to effective project implementation will be offered to successful applicants throughout the programming period, including Q&A sessions and online tutorials.

What is the timeline?

Small-scale projects can be submitted on an ongoing basis with two cut-off dates in 2022. The first cut-off date is 22 April 2022. This means that the PC will take a decision once the assessment is complete. The following timeline is valid for the first cut-off date in case the number of eligible proposals for assessment is equal or less than 50. If more project proposals are received, the assessment period will be extended proportionally and published on the programme website soon after the submission deadline. A second cut-off date will be fixed in autumn 2022 and announced on the programme website.

Step	Description	Indicative date or period	Calendar week
1	Publication of the call	19 November	46





3	Cut-off date for submitting proposals	22 April 2022 at 1pm	16
4	Assessment	25 April - 10 June 2022	17-23
5	PC decision for the approval of projects	27 June - 1 July 2022	26
6	Start date for all approved projects	4-8 July 2022	27
7	Lead Partners' seminar	June	22-26